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FORM X-17A 5

PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGI		, 2002 MDD/YY	_ AND ENDING_		BER 31, 2002 WDD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT	IDENTIFIC.	ATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	BURCH & COMPANY	Y, INC.		OF	FICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	OF BUSINESS: (Do n	ot use P.O. Box	(No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
2302 COMMERCE TOWER,	911 MAIN				
	(No.	and Street)			
KANSAS CITY	M	ISSOURI		64105	
(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBI A. RANDAL BURCH	ER OF PERSON TO CO	ONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS	(816)	842-4660
				(Area Co	de - Telephone Number
	B. ACCOUNTANT	IDENTIFIC	ATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTY CUDNEY, ECORD, MCENR	·		this Report*		
CODICET, ECOLOR, HOLKIN		dual, state last, firs	t, middle name)		
1310 CARONDELET DRIV	E, SUITE 333 (City)	KANSAS (CITY MIS	SOURI	64114 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:					
☐ Certified Public Accor	untant				_
☐ Public Accountant	man			OF	OCESSED
☐ Accountant not reside	nt in United States or ar	ny of its possess	sions.		IAR 2 1 2003
	FOR OFFIC	IAL USE ON	LY		MOSALO
				·	FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ī,	A. RANDAL BURCH	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	y knowledge and belief the accompanying f	inancial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	BURCH & COMPANY, INC.	
of	DECEMBER 31	, 20 02 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
ne		tor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	assified solely as that of a customer, except	
	,	
		Manlah
	<i>*</i> ,	Signature
		PRESIDENT
		Title`
	Margariet V. Alluder Notary Public is report ** contains (check all applicable b	MARGARET V. ALLINDER Notary Public — State of Missouri County of Clay My Commission Expires Jul. 30, 2024 poxes):
XI XI	· ,	<i>≠</i>
X	` '	· ·
Ă	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Co	
X		' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	ν,	abordinated to Claims of Creditors.
区区		serve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	• •	n or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$		te explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
		Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
		and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
ত্য	consolidation.	
		DOT
		quacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS with INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2002

CUDNEY, ECORD, MCENROE & MULLANE L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Burch & Company, Inc. Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Burch & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Burch & Company, Inc. as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cudney, Econd, Mi Euro & Willaue ...

February 26, 2003

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2002

ASSETS

Cash Clearing deposits Prepaid expenses	\$ 76,418 25,000 107
Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	
of \$2,913 (Note 1)	6,727
Due from officer (Note 4)	2,531
Deferred tax asset (Note 1)	18,393
	<u>\$129,176</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Accounts payable Subordinated borrowings (Note 3): Subordinated loans Accrued interest		\$ 1,688 135,444 41,632
Total liabilities		178,764
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, \$1 par value; 30,000 shares authorized, 1,000 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings (deficit)	1,000 30,969 (<u>81,557</u>)	(49,588) \$129,176

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Revenues:		
Commissions		\$749,868
Consulting and advisory		<u> 10,550</u>
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		760,418
Expenses:		
Commissions	596,412	
Salaries and benefits	18,600	
Professional services	8,166	
Rent	23,255	
Registration fees and bonding	19,695	
Consulting fees	23,279	
Office expenses	19,434	
Telephone	8,915	
Depreciation	2,408	
Other administrative expenses	30,298	750,462
<u> </u>		
Income from operations		9,956
•		
Other income (expense):		
Interest income	178	
Interest expense	(13,911)	(13,733)
•	 ,	
Loss before taxes		(3,777)
Income taxes (Note 1):		
Deferred benefit		3
Net loss		\$ (3,774)

BURCH & COMPANY, INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balance, January 1, 2002	\$1,000	\$30,969	\$(77,783)	\$(45,814)
Net loss	1		(3,774)	(3,774)
Balance, December 31, 2002	\$1,000	830,969	\$(81,557)	\$(49,588)

See the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

Subordinated borrowings at January 1, 2002	\$163,223
Increases: Accrued interest on subordinated loans	13,853
Subordinated horrowings at December 31, 2002	\$177.076

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (3	3,774)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	, (-	-,,
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2	2,408
Deferred taxes	-	(3)
Accrued interest on subordinated loans	1.5	3,853
Decrease in receivables		1,697
Decrease in prepaids and deposits		1,621
Decrease in clearing deposit		1,799
(Decrease) in commissions payable		2,388)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		
(Decrease) in accounts payable		3 <u>,125</u>)
Net cash provided by operating activities	45	5,0 <u>88</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Loan to officer	(12	2,000)
Officer loan repayment		9,328
Purchase of equipment		1,254)
i ar oriado or oquipment		1,201)
	16	5,926)
		-1 /
Increase in cash	38	3,162
Cash at beginning of year	38	3 <u>,256</u>
Cash at end of year	\$ 76	,418
Supplemental disclosures:		
Taxes paid during the year	ф	111
	\$	
Interest paid during the year	\$	58

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2002

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Business activity

Burch & Company, Inc. (the Company) is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is in the general securities business located in Kansas City, Missouri.

Securities and commission transactions

Commission revenues and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and commissions receivable. The Company places its cash with high credit quality financial institutions which at times may be in excess of FDIC insurance limits. The Company's receivables represent commissions from completed securities trades which are cleared on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company does not grant credit although in the event a customer does not fulfill their obligation involving a security transaction, the Company would be required to purchase or sell the security and may incur a loss.

Income taxes

Current and deferred income taxes are determined in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 (SFAS 109). Under SFAS 109, the amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized in the financial statements for the changes in deferred tax liabilities or assets between years. Deferred taxes relate to the timing of the deductibility of interest on shareholder loans for income tax purposes and the benefit of a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$48,000 which expires in 2020.

The components of the deferred tax asset on the balance sheet as of December 31, 2002 related to the following:

Interest expense	\$ 8,326
Benefit of net operating loss and	
contribution carryforwards	<u>10,067</u>
NY (1 C) 1 (#10.202
Net deferred tax asset	\$18.393

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property and depreciation

Depreciation is computed using accelerated and straight-line methods over the following lives:

Computer equipment

5 years

Office furniture

7 years

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company defines cash equivalents as demand deposits, money market funds and any highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase.

2. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$99,730 which was \$94,730 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000.

The aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .02 to 1.

3. Subordinated Borrowings

The borrowings under subordination agreements at December 31, 2002 are payable to the Company's sole shareholder as follows:

10% loan due May 31, 2003

\$120,000 15,444

12% loan due June 19, 2003

\$135,444

The subordinated borrowings and related accrued interest are available in computing net capital under the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid.

4. Related Party Transactions

At December 31, 2002, \$2,531 was due to the Company from its officer/shareholder.

5. Operating Leases

The Company has lease agreements for office space, equipment and an automobile. The office lease expires in April, 2003 at a current monthly rental of \$750. The equipment leases expire through December, 2004 at monthly rentals of \$217. The automobile lease expires August, 2004 at a monthly rental of \$525. Future minimum rentals are:

2003	\$11,911
2004	
	\$17,733

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2002

1. Computation of net capital under rule 15c3-1

Total stockholder's equity Subordinated borrowings allowable in the computation of net capital Deferred taxes Nonallowable assets	\$ (49,588) 177,076 (18,393) (9,365)
Net capital	99,730
Minimum net capital required, the greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness	5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 94,730
Aggregate indebtedness: Total liabilities Less subordinated borrowings	\$178,764 177,076
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 1,688</u>
Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.02 to 1

2. Computation for determination of reserve requirements under rule 15c3-3

The Company operates under the exemptive provisions of paragraph (k)(2)(B) of SEC rule 15c3-3.

3. Information relating to the possession or control requirements under rule 15c3-3

The Company has complied with the exemptive requirements of rule 15c3-3 and did not maintain possession or control of any customer funds or securities as of December 31, 2002.

4. Reconciliation pursuant to rule 17a-5(d)(4)

Net capital per December 31, 2002 Form X-17A-5	<u>\$ 99,730</u>
Net capital per 1. above	\$ 99,730

Cudney, Ecord, McEnróe & Mullane L.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Board of Directors Burch & Company, Inc. Kansas City, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Burch & Company, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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February 26, 2003